### **Connecting Electric Vehicle Charging and Multi-Family Housing**

Aashini Patel, Fumin Chen, Hardhik Kasireddy, Shivani Patel, Sruta Gunuganti



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## **Research Topic**

Guidelines for installation of EV

charging stations in multi-family housing

Develop a web-based interactive tool

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# Research Sponsor



### **Semester Recap**

### 1. Introduction

- Types of charging stations
- Best practices
- Permits
- 2. Requirements and case studies
  - Case studies
  - Owner prerequisites
  - Key considerations
  - Charging installation process
- 3. Programs and Incentives
  - EV charger providers: programs
  - NYC case study
  - Maintenance





## Guidelines framework: owner's perspective





### **Owner's Perspective**

Step 1: Feasibility		Step 2: Consultant		Step 3: Installation	Ste	ep 4: Operations & Maintenance
<ol> <li>Engage the residents about the initiative</li> <li>Determine the needs and requirements</li> <li>Decide ownership</li> </ol>	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Meet with a consultant Discuss about rebates and incentive programs Check municipal permit requirements and then obtain permits Choose location and make site plans Determine if electrical upgrades are necessary	1. 2. 3.	Select a utility provider Contractor installs outlets and charging stations Register the EVs and the EVSE with the utility company	1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Develop a contract with an EVSE service provider Payment of ongoing fees Periodic inspection of EV charging stations Ensure visibility Keeping records



## Step 1: Feasibility



1. Engage the residents about the initiative



Conducting a resident survey to gauge interest in EV charging to determine if the residents have/are thinking about owning an EV, overall attitude towards EV, and their preferences for charging infrastructure

2. Determine the charging needs and requirements



Choose between level 2 and level 3 chargers.

3. Determine ownership



Site host owned vs third party owned

### **Determine Ownership**

### Site host-owned

- 1. Charging infrastructure owned by the site host is purchased, installed, and maintained by the site host
- 2. Allows full control over the station and the ability to keep all revenue from the station (if applicable)
- 3. Site hosts are responsible for all associated costs, including any maintenance or payment transaction fees

### Third party-owned

- 1. Charging infrastructure owned by a third party is installed and maintained by the third party
- 2. Minimizes responsibility to the site host
- 3. The site host may also earn revenue by leasing the space occupied by the charging infrastructure to the third party.

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## Step 2: Consultant



1. Meet with a consultant



Consult about existing electrical capacity, metering options.

2. Discuss about rebates and incentive programs



3. Check municipal permit requirements and then obtain the required permits



Consult state's EV Infrastructure rebate program for eligibility criteria. Consult the utility providers for incentive eligibility criteria.

Obtain an electrical permit from the city. The electrical contractor can do this on the owner's behalf.

Supporting Documentation	Description
Plot Plan	Identify the complete layout of existing parking spaces and proposed location of EVSE parking space(s) with respect to existing building and structures
	Home electrical load calculation that estimates if an existing electrical service will
Electrical Load Calculations	handle the extra load from residential EVSE and wiring methods based on the
	California Electrical Code (see sample electrical plan)
Electrical Plans	Single-line diagrams showing the system, point of connection to the power supply and the EVSE
EVSE Information	The EVSE manufacturer's installation instructions and charger specifications

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#### 4. Choose location and make site plans



Identify parking layouts and electrical configurations that lend themselves to lower cost charging infrastructure installation e.g. parking spots close to existing electrical outlets.

Determine whether any electrical upgrades are required to accommodate EV charging. Two different sorts of electrical modifications could be necessary:

- 1. Adding capacity to the unit or house panel and/or
- 2. Upgrading electric service capacity to the MUD from the utility

5. Determine if electrical upgrades are necessary

## Step 3: Installation



- 1. Select the utility provider
- Hire an electrical contractor approved by the utility provider
- 2. Contractor installs outlets and charging stations
- 3. Register the EVs and the EVSE with the utility company

COLUMBIA | CBIPS Center for Buildings, Infrastructure and Public Space Consult the utility provider about their EV charging programs. Sign the contract for them to come install the infrastructure.

Have the contractor complete the installation. The contractor can also arrange for the city to inspect the new outlet after installation.

Utility company needs to accurately track the number of PEV charging stations installed to properly plan for local increases in electricity demand due to vehicle charging. The combined effect of several chargers in the same area could result in overloads on utility secondary wires and transformers. This is an important component for providing safe and reliable electricity to all.



## Step 4: Operations and Maintenance



1. Develop a contract with an EVSE service provider

2. Pay the ongoing fees

3. Periodic inspection of the EV charging stations

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EVSE service provider handles all aspects related to EV charging station operation, maintenance, and customer billing (depends on the ownership).

Payment of ongoing fees (e.g., session fees + incremental fees on electricity costs) will still need to be managed. An experienced electrical contractor or EVSE provider can help determine the most appropriate options.



Testing of equipment, communication systems and lighting by an electrical contractor to ensure all parts of the EVSE are in working order. The EVSE provider's guidelines should also be consulted as they will include a description of the maintenance requirements specific to their stations. 4. Ensure Visibility



Confirm the mode of tracking and maintenance of fail/pass inspections conducted on charging stations and charging bills and records with the EVSE service provider

5. Keep Records



Extracting and compiling records of the equipment maintenance, charging records and other key information related to the EV charging stations

## Challenges & Lessons Learned



### Challenges

- Getting in touch with the building managers
- Leasing office lack of technical knowledge
- Finding NY case studies
- Incentives financial information provided but not the technical requirements from the owner's side

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### **Lessons Learned**

- Having partnerships with housing authorities and property managers
- Strengthen the ways to incentivize the building owners for interviews
- Massive gap between the incentives and knowledge passed

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## Appendix



## Introduction

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## Timeline

### Step 1(10/04)

Introduction to project, research, and analysis

### Step 2 (10/25)



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Phase 1 finding and framework development

Step 3 (11/22)

Phase 2 + 3 findings and framework development

#### October 2022

SUN	MON	TUES	WED	THURS	FRI	SAT	
						1	
2	3 Group Meeting (3:30pm-4:30pm)	4 CBIPS MEETING PRESENTATION	5	6	7	8	
9	10 Columbus Day: Framework of Survey and Recipients List; Group Meeting (3:30pm-4:30pm)	11 Review Survey Questions and Prepare for tmr Meeting	12 Meeting with Lauren	13	14 Distribute the Survey	15	
16	17 Boss's Day	18	19	20	21	22	
23 Case Study and Research Part Completion DEADLINE	24	25 CBIPS MEETING PRESENTATION	26 Meeting with Lauren	27	28 Data Collection Completion (pending)	29	
30 Funding Opportunities	31 Halloween	October Goal 1. Finish the research and case study; 2. Send out the survey/interview invitation					

MEETING; GROUP WEEKLY MEETING; TASK

## Phase 1

Determining EV prerequisites and feasibility

### **Types of charging stations**

Туре	Miles per hour of charging	Infrastructure needs	Locations	Utilization rate
Level 1	2 to 5	<ul> <li>Single-phase AC</li> <li>120V /16A</li> <li>Capacity of up to 1.9 kW</li> <li>No addnl. equipment needs</li> </ul>	Homes and sometimes workplaces	30% - 50%
Level 2	10 to 20	<ul> <li>Single-phase AC</li> <li>240V / 32-80 A</li> <li>Capacity of 7.6-19.2 kW</li> <li>Needs addnl. equipment</li> </ul>	Homes, workplaces, and public chargers	5% - 10%
Level 3 (DC fast chargers)	180 to 240	<ul> <li>480V AC input</li> <li>Capacity higher than 22 kW</li> <li>Needs high-power, special equipment</li> </ul>	Public charging stations esp. along heavy traffic corridors	5% - 8%

Image Source: United States EV charging infrastructure: Rising role of utilities?, ADI Analytics, 2020

## Survey

**Social Housing Survey** 

- Conditional Survey
  - **1.** EV installed? Yes/no
  - 2. Different questions per answer
- Focus Market : NYC

### **Vendor Requirements**

- Requirements
- Questions: TBD

### **Installing charging stations**

- Identify the need: <u>EVI-Pro Lite</u> <u>tool</u>
- Ensuring equitable access
- Cost considerations: Equipment + Installation

Source: Electric Vehicle Infrastructure Projection Tool (EVI-Pro) Lite, US Department of Energy, 2022



### **Installation of Chargers in Municipal Garages**

### **DC Fast Charger Program**

- September 2017; \$10 million investment
- New York has started installing L2 DC

fast chargers at municipal parking

garages.

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### Advantages

- Cover facilities protecting equipment
- Reduce snow removal needs
- Reduce installation cost
- Fees for EV charging can be included

#### in parking costs

Source: DC Fast Charger Program, NYC Department of Transportation, 2022



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## Permit

Contains a general reference to the NEC or electrical code used in the jurisdiction

All work and installed equipment will comply with the requirements of the NEC or the electrical code used in the jurisdiction

Source: Permit for Charging Equipment Installation, US Department of Energy, 2012

### **Vendor Requirements: Con Edison**

#### **Steps for Requesting Electrical Service for their Electric Vehicle Charging Station Installation**

Customer requests for a new or additional electric service for their new EV charging station installation, should be submitted through our website, <u>https://www.coned.com/en/small-medium-size-businesses/building-project-center Project Center</u>.



Source: Electric Vehicle Charging Station Installation Guide, Con Edison, 2022
## NYPA EV charger plan

New York Power Authority



COLUMBIA | CBIPS Center for Buildings, Infrastructure and Public Space Source: EVolve NY's Mission: a Fast Electric-Charging Station Near You, NY State of Opportunity, 2022

## **Case Studies**

Public Program Initiatives

#### **Department of Citywide Administrative Services (DCAS)**

GOAL: Transform NYC to an all-electric municipal vehicle fleet by 2040

NYC DCAS is piloting public access to eight fast charging stations at four locations

Manhattan Queens Staten Island

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## Milestones



Bought roughly 2,300 EVs for public use. 1,000 dedicated L2 charge connections 4.

Ordered seven electric garbage trucks for the New York City Department of Sanitation (DSNY)

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## Future plans



DCAS will deploy another 600 charging ports in the next 18 months

DCAS expects to own and operate over 4,500 EVs as soon as June 2023

The agency also plans to order all-electric buses for the New York City Department of Corrections

The agency plans to order seven all-electric sweepers and 30 plug-in hybrid electric sweepers for DSNY

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### Best practices for operating and maintaining charging stations





Image Source: NY State of Opportunity - NY Charge Signage

Helps navigate to EV charging station spaces and helps to prevent EV charging spaces from being occupied by non-EVs



Image Source: Wattlogic

#### Usage Fees & Advertising Revenue

Establishing fee structure: per hour, per session, or per unit of electricity.



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Source: US department of Energy- Alternative Fuels Data Center, 2022

### Available funding

#### **Inflation Reduction Act (IRA)**

• An alternative fuel vehicle refueling property credit for 30% of total

costs of purchase and installation of charging equipment-up to

\$100,000 per charger

• The act will additionally provide \$3 billion to help support access to

EV charging for economically disadvantaged communities through the

neighborhood access and equity grant program.

### Available funding

#### **Bipartisan Infrastructure Law**

• Provides \$5B in NEVI formula funding to help states install EV chargers along interstate highways.

#### Discretionary Grant Program for Charging and Fueling Infrastructure

• Provides \$2.5B for increasing EV charging in rural, underserved and overburdened communities.



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# **Requirements and Case Studies**

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## Recap

- 1. Types of charging stations
- 2. Survey development
- 3. Permits
- 4. NYPA charging plan
- Department of Citywide Administrative Services (DCAS)
- 6. Best practices
- 7. Available funding opportunities



## Case Study 1: Smart Columbus



### **Smart Columbus, 2018**

- EV adoption through a rebate for charging stations at multi-unit dwellings
- 4 Objectives:
  - Leverage Paul G. Allen Philanthropies (PGAPh) smart city grant funds
  - 2. Improve the charging installation/ EV ownership process
  - 3. Encourage widespread deployment
  - 4. Learn about charging behavior



## **Smart Columbus case study**

- The first round of the rebate program resulted in 11 approved sites supporting 48 Level 2 charging ports.
- Total cost of \$167,998
- Clean Fuels Ohio3 (CFO), will conduct the inspections of the charging equipment and provide rebate funds
- The contract and rebate requirements hold the recipients accountable for installing the charging equipment
- Outreach was critical to ensuring broad interest in the program
- Smart Columbus is providing financial and educational resources to increase the number of charging stations in four sectors: residential, workplace, public and fleet.

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Image Source: Columbus gov, 2022



#### **Types of MUDs**

- Owned or rented
- Apartments, condos, townhouses
- Shared vs assigned
- Not a single charging option available



#### **Installation Process**

- Infrastructure developer must work with tenants, utilities, permitting officials, etc
- Establish policy for charging use

#### Cost

- Equipment, labor, permitting, upgrades to the electrical system
- Level 2 charging between \$2000 to \$10,000

Source: Smart Columbus - Atlas Public Policy 2018

### **Execution of rebate program**



- Initial Funding: \$172,000 to deploy 30 level 1 charging
- The goal was to have the MUDs ready to install more charging equipment if the demand from residents increased
- Applicants could only receive up to \$25,000 per site to ensure more properties received a rebate. Spread the funding across the region.
- Goal of the MUD rebate program was to learn more about charging behavior at MUDs

#### 1st GOAL: LEVERAGE PGAPh GRANT FUNDS

- \$3,500 per plug/space
- 35% cash match requirement
- Two spaces for ≤ 20 units; Three spaces for 21-40 units; Four spaces for > 40 units
- Six months to complete project and collect the rebate

#### 2nd GOAL: IMPROVE INSTALLATION / OWNERSHIP PROCESS

- Detailed site and engineering plans required
- Consult with utility to confirm site is suitable.
- Level 1/2 equipment, installation, signage, stenciling, other equipment, education/promotion
- Eligible users should be made clear through signage
- 30 days free and "reasonable" monthly fee afterwards
- Facilities will maintain ownership

### **3rd GOAL:** ENCOURAGE WIDESPREAD DEPLOYMENT

- Franklin, Delaware, Union, Madison, Pickaway, Fairfield, and Licking Counties
- \$25,000 max per property

### 4th GOAL: LEARN CHARGING BEHAVIOR

- Equipment must be capable of recording user data
- Allow utility control for demand response.
  - Quarterly reports and data sharing for three years

# Goals of the rebate program

Case Study 2: The Towers at Costa Verde



### The Towers at Costa Verde San Diego

#### **Charging snapshot**

- Number of units: 590
- Number of parking space: 1080
- Number of residents currently driving EVs: varies with rental client
- Number of charging stations and types: Level 2
  - 10 installed and 10 pre-wired for additional stations
- Billing managed by NRG eVgo
- Install costs approx. \$21,000 under NRG eVgo settlement



Image Source: Garden Communities, 2022



Center for Buildings, Infrastructure and Public Space

Source: Krantz, H. (2017). Case studies California plug-in Electric Vehicle Collaborative



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Source: Krantz, H. (2017). Case studies California plug-in Electric Vehicle Collaborative

## **Case Study 3: Muir Commons**



## Muir Commons a case study in MUD EV infrastructure



COLUMBIA | CBIPS Center for Buildings, Infrastructure and Public Space •A townhouse community in Davis, California

•Muir Commons opened in 1991, is a "cohousing complex"

•It is at the forefront of adopting renewable energy technologies.

•In 2002, the community self-funded and installed rooftop solar installation

## Pacific Gas and Electric (PG&E) goals



- Installing 7,500 Level 2 chargers at multi-unit dwellings and workplaces between 2018 and 2020
- Offers grants and installation assistance to property owners

## Pacific Gas and Electric (PG&E) cost



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- PG&E originally wanted each resident to pay \$1,150, which it calculated was equivalent to the cost a single-family homeowner would pay to install a charger.
- This was a non-starter with the residents who didn't own EVs.
- In the end, the utility agreed to charge each household \$550, to be paid off in installments of \$25 per month, interest-free.
- Residents who later buy an EV will qualify for an additional \$800 grant.

Source: Morris, Muir Commons: A case study in mud EV infrastructure 2019 65

### Challenges

Transformer was operating at 100% capacity

Extensive trenching was required

Getting the project approved by all the neighbors was a challenge.

Without the PG&E grant, installation costs would have exceeded \$20,000 per charger.

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### **Outcomes**

### 26 charging stations have been up and running since last August

The Muir Commons residents opted for an arrangement under which PG&E will own the hardware for 10 years, after which ownership will pass to the residents.

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## Case Study 4: CityFront Terrace



## **CityFront Terrace, 2012**

- Located in Marina district of downtown San Diego
- Built in 1993 with 13 stories and over 300 condominium residences
- Assigned underground parking spaces
- Need for EV charging infrastructure due to residents buying Electric Vehicle in 2011
- Residents to pay for their energy usage directly without the property managers having to track usage or collect payments.

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## **Some technical situations**

#### Individual meters for each charging unit:

- Using San Diego Gas & Electric's billing direct to each resident installing and using a vehicle charger.
- Removes the property manager as the middleman
- After some negotiation CityFront agreed to install 20 individual meters wired directly to the utility side of the building electrical supply



## **Some technical situations**

#### Individual user billing

- Each resident receives their monthly bill directly from San Diego Gas & Electric and sees first hand their individual time-of-use behavior and resulting cost savings from the utility's special low electric vehicle rates.
- Removing additional work for the property managers by having billings going directly from the utility to the residents.



### **Other upfront costs**

- Each resident secures the required liability insurance
- Each individual requesting vehicle charging would pay an equal portion of the upfront capital expenditure for the project and purchase/own their own charging unit for installation in their space
- Initial capital required:\$80,000
- Per resident: **\$4000**

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### **Benefits**

- Removing additional work for the property managers
- The ability for residents to have a choice over charging station vendors
- The project allows for either removal or upgradation of the charging unit
- Being able to market the property as a facility that caters to forward-thinking electric vehicle drivers that supports a cleaner transportation options.

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## **Products and services**

Billing	Cost recovery billing through the HOA
Metering	San Diego Gas & Electric
Engineering	MPE consulting, Pacific Electric Inc.
Installing contractor	California Southwest Electric
Electric vehicle rates	10 Cents/kWh - 67 Cents/kWh

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Case Study 5: Green Rock Apartments





### Multi-unit dwelling procurement case study

- Green Rock apartments in Minneapolis, Minnesota, markets itself as "eco-conscious urban living"
- First Initiative: Downtown Lofts location. Installed via Nissan incentive program and the program provided a free DC fast charger.
- Second Initiative: Green Rock Apartments installed Level 2 charging at three additional MUD buildings and at their corporate offices. Cost \$600 per unit and \$400 per unit for installation.

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Image Source: Green Rock Apartment

Source: Multi-Unit Dwelling Procurement Case Study: Green Rock Apartments, 2019 74

# **Advantages and incentives**

- All tenants are eligible for a \$2,000 credit towards the purchase of a PEV.
- PEV owners also get free parking.
- The maintenance and cost of charging at the Level 2 chargers is included in their rent.



**GG** The chargers are a major draw for tenants and make the units more valuable. **77** Pale Newey, Green Back Aportments Own

Dale Howey, Green Rock Apartments Owner

# **Some technical situations**

### Networked vs non-networked EV charging stations

- Purchase and installation costs
- Ability to set pricing of EV charging
- Promotion of the charging station
- Maintenance of the Station



# Phase 1 Summarization



Step 1 Conduct a survey of residents Step 2 Contact a local service provider or a electrical contractor Step 3 Contact local utility Step 4 Consider different approaches to installing EVSE Step 5 Contact municipal government for permitting and inspection

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# **Owner prerequisites**



- Building architecture and physical electrical design
  - Proximity of electrical service
    room to desired charging location
  - Wiring needed to accommodate charging stations
- Commercial electricity rates for common-area meters
- Cost of installation
- Parking ownership models

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### **Key consideration**





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# Programs and Incentives

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# Recap

- 1. Case Studies
  - Smart Columbus
  - The Towers at Costa Verde
  - Muir Commons
  - CityFront Terrace
  - Green Rock Apartments
- 2. Phase 1 Summarization
  - Owner prerequisites
  - Key considerations
  - Charging installation process







# **Charging stations at NYC multi-unit apartments**



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- This project was initiated to meet the needs of residents in multi-unit apartments as more electric vehicles (EVs) are purchased.
- The managers of these buildings, including buildings owned by the Albanese
   Organization, Glenwood Management, and Related Companies, worked to anticipate

the needs of their varied clientele.

# **Charging stations at NYC multi-unit apartments**



• The stations are maintained by third-party service providers such as CarCharging Inc., its subsidiary Beam Charging, or

ChargePoint. COLUMBIA | CBIPS Center for Buildings, Infrastructure and Public Space

Each of these service providers has various options for EV charging services. A common business model has the service provider owning and managing the station; paying the upfront installation costs, maintenance, and services; and sharing a portion of the revenue with the host location.

### **Lessons learned**

Station installation at housing locations resulted in more tenants purchasing EVs as the charging infrastructure became available.

Operators are also seeing the benefit of installing 240V charging stations (instead of 110V outlets)

The higher power levels available allow users to receive more charge in less time and ensure that the EVs are fully charged when needed

Many of these buildings are also using the installation of the charging stations to help meet LEED Gold and Platinum certification.

# Programs and Incentives



### 1) NY EV Make-Ready Program

#### Program highlights

- \$701 million of available funding to support EV charging infrastructure
- 65,000 chargers to be deployed by 2025
- Approved applications will be eligible for up to 50% 90% of EV charging equipment and installation costs
- Disadvantaged communities are eligible for up to 100% of EV charging equipment and installation costs.
- Eligible locations: multifamily, public sector, workplace and destination properties
- Must install at least **2 ports** to qualify for the program

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#### Joint utilities of New York:

- 1. Central Hudson Gas and Electric
- 2. Con Edison
- 3. New York State Electric & Gas Corporation
- 4. National Grid
- 5. Orange and Rockland Utilities
- 6. Rochester Gas and Electric are offering **rebates** for Level 2 and DCFC charging station across the state of New York.

### **Eligibility criteria**

- Approved application: participant must apply to be accepted into the EV Make-Ready Program by the utility in whose electric service territory the proposed EV charging station will be located.
- Station maturity: construction of the EV charging station must have commenced no sooner than July 16, 2020.
- Location capacity: EV charging stations must conform to capacity guidelines including:
- 1. Minimum of two plugs
- 2. The number of plugs at locations in excess of ten plugs shall not exceed 50 percent of the target number of plugs established in the EV Make-Ready order for each utility

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### **Operational requirements**

- All charging stations must operate for a minimum of five years.
- Ownership of EV charging stations may change or stations may be upgraded during the five year term, as long as the number of plugs and the capacity of the station does not decrease.
- Participants agree to provide the utility with the necessary data regarding the installation and use of the EV charging equipment to facilitate necessary tracking of the program's overall operation and effectiveness on a quarterly basis.

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### **Financial information**

- Infrastructure and equipment costs
- Fee structure (structure of fee to the end-use customer, i.e., cost per minute, cost per kWh, cost per session and whether the station owner is providing charging for free)
- Charging revenues derived
- Operating costs, which should include energy-related costs and non-energy related costs separately identified.

Total Eligible Cost of the Project = Total make-ready costs + Total future-proofing costs

# **Case study: 685 First Avenue**

- First property in the region to install electric vehicle chargers under Con Edison's Power Ready incentive program.
- 10 level 2 charging plugs
- The program incentives cover two categories of equipment or infrastructure:
- 1. The first is the cost of utility electric infrastructure to connect and serve a new EV charger.
- 2. The second category is the customer-side equipment that is necessary to prepare a site for a charger that the charging station developer, owner, or site host operates.





Image Source: City Realty, 2018

#### 2) EVolve NY: NYPA's EV fast charging network

- More charging stations, a more affordable option
- Make electric vehicles an affordable, viable option as part of a larger initiative to provide clean air for New Yorkers
- NYPA is dedicating \$250 million through 2025 to the EVolve NY program
- At least 800 new EV fast charging stations installed through 2025.
- Works for any EV
- Charging station will be within 50 miles of their location



Sources: *Fast charging hubs New York, plug in electric vehicle, hybrid charging.* Fast Charging Hubs New York, Plug In Electric Vehicle, Hybrid Charging. (2019).

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### **Operations**

#### Payment option:

- Visa and Mastercard are accepted via chip insert
- American Express and Discover are accepted via swipe
- Mobile pay as well as online payment through various apps

#### Service

• 24/7 help in troubleshooting any charging or payment issues

### **EVolve NY upcoming site map**



Source: *Fast charging hubs New York, plug in electric vehicle, hybrid charging.* Fast Charging Hubs New York, Plug In Electric Vehicle, Hybrid Charging. (2019).

#### 3) 2022 Municipal Zero-emission Vehicle (ZEV) Rebate Program

- The New York State (NYS) Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) announced rebates to municipalities for the purchase or lease of battery electric, plug-in hybrid, and hydrogen fuel cell vehicles
- Rebates are available to municipalities that purchased or leased an eligible vehicle
- If the vehicle is leased, the minimum lease term is 36 months.
- DEC is committed to meeting the requirements of the climate act





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### **Eligibility Criteria**

- All municipalities (Manhattan, Bronx, Queens, Brooklyn, and Staten Island) in the State of New York
- Eligible vehicles
  - All-electric vehicles
  - Plug-in hybrid electric vehicles
  - Hydrogen fuel cell vehicles
- Vehicles that have been retrofitted are NOT eligible for a rebate under this program
- Vehicles that have been upfitted are eligible for a rebate.





#### FUEL CELL VEHICLE

## Funding

- Rebates of up to \$7,500 are available for ZEVs and up to \$500,000 for ZEV fueling infrastructure.
- 40 percent (\$300,000) will be prioritized for rebates to municipal applicants that intersect with at least one Disadvantaged Community
- The remainder (\$450,000) is available for all municipalities and eligible projects

# Minimum and maximum award amounts

- Minimum rebate amount per vehicle is \$2,500
- Maximum rebate amount per vehicle is \$7,500
- Rebate amounts cannot be a denomination other than \$2,500, \$5,000, or \$7,500

# **4) DCFC Per-Plug Incentive Program (DCFC PPI)**

- New, publicly accessible DC fast chargers (DCFC) 50 kW or greater are eligible for an annual incentive.
- The incentive will be based on the size of both the non-proprietary plug and the proprietary plug.
- Stations eligible for an incentive under this program must be usable without requiring a paid membership in a charging station network.
- Networked stations that offer single per-use charging fees payable through a commonly accepted payment method such as cash, credit, or debit will satisfy.

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# national**grid**







# Money awarded to each utility

#### **Summary Table**

	Central Hudson	Con Edison	National Grid	NYSEG	O&R	RG&E
Incentive funds paid to date	\$210,043	\$12,000	\$5,221	\$34,458	\$12,257	\$0
Incentive funds remaining for 2022	\$4,189,957	\$6,400,000	\$8,994,779	\$5,085,542	\$1,651,743	\$5,032,000
Total # of plugs	100	400	300	160	40	74
# of plugs enrolled to date	21	3	20	31	9	7
# of plugs 50-74kW	20	0	0	1	1	3
# of plugs 74kW and higher	1	3	13	30	8	4
# of plugs remaining for 2022	79	397	287	129	31	67

Table Last Updated: September 23, 2022

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# **National Grid**

Eligibility Year	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	Total
Fixed annual incentive (First year: 2019)	\$7,500	\$6,428.57	\$5,357.14	\$4,286	\$3,214.29	\$2,142.86	\$1,071	\$30,000
Fixed annual incentive (First year: 2020)		\$7,500	\$6,429	\$5,357	\$4,286	\$3,214	\$2,143	\$28,929
Fixed annual incentive (First year: 2021)			\$7,500	\$6,429	\$5,357	\$4,286	\$3,214	\$26,786
Fixed annual incentive (First year: 2022)				\$6,429	\$5,357	\$4,286	\$3,214	\$19,286
Fixed annual incentive (First year: 2023)					\$5,357	\$4,286	\$3,214	\$12,857
Fixed annual incentive (First year: 2024)						\$4,286	\$3,214	\$7,500
Fixed annual incentive (First year: 2025)							\$3,214	\$3,214

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## **5) NYC Drive Clean Rebate**



- The Drive Clean Rebate, which is available to all New York residents, provides electric car purchasers with a \$2,000 point-of-sale rebate for new electric car purchases or leases.
  When combined with a federal tax credit of up to \$7,500, it's a good incentive.
- Kathy Hochul also announced a \$2.7 million grant to local
  New York State governments for the purchase of electric
  cars and the installation of zero-emission charging/fueling
  facilities. It is supported by the Environmental Protection
  Fund and managed by the Department of Environmental
  Conservation.

### **NYC Drive Clean Rebate**

- There are more than 60 car models to choose from that qualify for the Drive Clean Rebate, you're bound to find an electric car that best fits your style, budget and driving needs. Cars like Volkswagen ID.4, Tesla Model 3 Standard Range Plus, Nissan Leaf (62 kWh), Kia Niro Electric are also a part of this fleet.
- The rebate that the car buyer gets on the new electric car depends on how much battery-only range the car has.

#### **DRIVE CLEAN REBATE FOR ELECTRIC CARS**

The Drive Clean Rebate amount depends on the EPA all-electric range for that car model

Greater than 120 miles

40 to 119 miles

20 to 39 miles

Less than 20 miles

Electric cars with MSRP >\$60,000 (MSRP is the manufacturer's suggested retail price) \$2,000 OFF \$1,700 OFF \$1,100 OFF \$500 OFF \$500 OFF

# **Funding Opportunities Table**

Program	EV Make Ready	EVolve NY	Zero-emission Vehicle (ZEV) Rebate	DCFC Program	Federal EV Charger Incentives
Federal/State	State	State	State	State	Federal
Type of incentive	Rebate	Rebate	Rebate	Annual incentive payment/ Rebate	Tax credit
Total value	\$701M	\$250M	\$750,000	\$31M	
% Cost covered	50-90%			Varied throughout the 7 years	30%-max \$1000 (residents) \$30,000 (Commercial)

# Maintenance



### Maintenance

### Level 1

- Have the outlet changed (lasts several years)
- Replace the cordset (lasts several years)
- Check for adequate tension (check annually)

### Level 2

- Requires slightly more maintenance than Level 1
- Individual components can be replaced
- Budgeting upto \$400/yr/charger

### Level 3

- Requires significantly more maintenance than other levels
- Require regularly scheduled preventive and corrective maintenance for the upkeep of the cooling system, filters and other advanced components

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